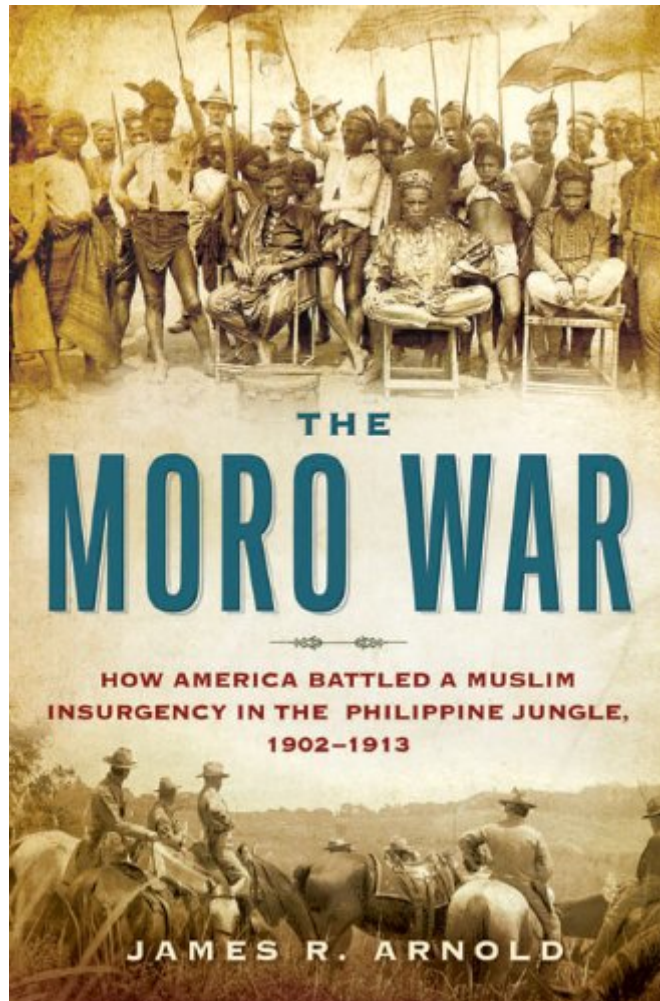


The book was found

The Moro War: How America Battled A Muslim Insurgency In The Philippine Jungle, 1902-1913



Synopsis

As the global war on terror enters its second decade, the United States military is engaged with militant Islamic insurgents on multiple fronts. But the post-9/11 war against terrorists is not the first time the United States has battled such ferocious foes. The forgotten Moro War, lasting from 1902 to 1913 in the islands of the southern Philippines, was the first confrontation between American soldiers and their allies and a determined Muslim insurgency. The Moro War prefigured American wars in Iraq and Afghanistan more than superficially: It was a bitter, drawn-out conflict in which American policy and aims were fiercely contested between advocates of punitive military measures and proponents of conciliation. As in today's Middle East, American soldiers battled guerrillas in a foreign environment where the enemy knew the terrain and enjoyed local support. The deadliest challenge was distinguishing civilians from suicidal attackers. Moroland became a crucible of leadership for the U.S. Army, bringing the force that had fought the Civil War and the Plains Indian Wars into the twentieth century. The officer corps of the Moro campaign matured into the American generals of World War I. Chief among them was the future general John Pershing—who learned lessons in the island jungles that would guide his leadership in France. Rich with relevance to today's news from the Middle East, and a gripping piece of storytelling, *The Moro War* is a must-read to understand a formative conflict too long overlooked and to anticipate the future of U.S. involvement overseas.

Book Information

File Size: 1889 KB

Print Length: 316 pages

Page Numbers Source ISBN: 1608190242

Publisher: Bloomsbury Press; 1 edition (July 26, 2011)

Publication Date: July 26, 2011

Sold by:Â Digital Services LLC

Language: English

ASIN: B005CVMIA2

Text-to-Speech: Enabled

X-Ray: Enabled

Word Wise: Enabled

Lending: Enabled

Enhanced Typesetting: Not Enabled

Best Sellers Rank: #191,586 Paid in Kindle Store (See Top 100 Paid in Kindle Store) #30 in Books > History > Asia > Philippines #66 in Kindle Store > Kindle eBooks > History > Asia > Southeast #140 in Kindle Store > Kindle eBooks > History > Military > Other

Customer Reviews

I teach a class at the Virginia Military Institute where we examine various guerrilla wars and insurgencies-- a historical analysis of winning and losing counterinsurgency strategies. This class is relevant to many of the cadets who are to be commissioned in the U.S. military and could deploy to Afghanistan and other COIN hot spots. I have made James Arnold's book: *The Moro War: How America Battled a Muslim Insurgency in the Philippine Jungle, 1902-1913*, required reading. Arnold is an excellent writer and researcher and presents this little known American counterinsurgency adventure in an interesting and relevant way. Few Americans have ever read, let alone, studied the U.S.'s early 20th century bitter counterinsurgency struggles in the Philippines --specifically the U.S.'s fight against Filipino Muslim guerrillas (1902-1913). Most U.S. high school and college American history courses brush by this period paying mere lip service to the Spanish-American War-- pointing out Teddy Roosevelt and the Rough Riders' ride up San Juan Hill and a few other highlights and moving on to World War I. Instead, James Arnold vividly describes in his book how the U.S. military (post Spanish-American War) through 11 years of bitter and bloody fighting was able to quell and semi-pacify the Muslim guerrillas in the Southern Philippines. While the war against the Muslim insurgents is considered a victory-- however, unlike today's U.S. counterinsurgency mantra of trying to "win hearts and minds," it was accomplished mostly through overwhelming U.S. firepower, starvation and forced relocation of civilians, and wide-spread slaughter of Filipino civilians. Arnold, however, does point out many unique counterinsurgency tactics and strategies that the U.S.

[Download to continue reading...](#)

The Moro War: How America Battled a Muslim Insurgency in the Philippine Jungle, 1902-1913
A War of Frontier and Empire: The Philippine-American War, 1899-1902
The U.S. Army and Counterinsurgency in the Philippine War, 1899-1902
The Spanish-American War and Philippine Insurrection: 1898-1902 (Men-at-Arms)
Torneo Internacional de Ajedrez, celebrado en La Habana de 1913: celebrado en La Habana del 15 de febrero al 6 de marzo de 1913 (Spanish Edition)
Jungle Jam and Friends: Wild Times in God's Creation (Audio Cassette) (Jungle Jam and Friends Radio Show)
Zambezi Valley Insurgency: Early Rhodesian Bush War Operations (Africa @ War Series)
Superman versus the Ku Klux Klan: The True Story of How the Iconic Superhero Battled the

Men of Hate Vietnam War: The Vietnam War in 50 Events: From the First Indochina War to the Fall of Saigon (War Books, Vietnam War Books, War History) (History in 50 Events Series Book 6)
World War 2 History's 10 Most Incredible Women: World War II True Accounts Of Remarkable Women Heroes (WWII history, WW2, War books, world war 2 books, war history, World war 2 women) Selous Scouts: Rhodesian Counter-Insurgency Specialists (Africa @ War Series) Aden Insurgency: The Savage War in Yemen 1962-67 Aden Insurgency: The Savage War in Yeman 1962-67 Threading My Prayer Rug: One Woman's Journey from Pakistani Muslim to American Muslim Moro: The Cookbook Historia de la celebre reina de Espa  a a do  a Juana llamada vulgarmente la loca y La guerra del moro (Spanish Edition) Otelo, El Moro de Venecia/ Othello, The Moore of Venice (Joyas Del Teatro/ Theater Jewels) (Spanish Edition) 1913: The Eve of War World War 1: World War I in 50 Events: From the Very Beginning to the Fall of the Central Powers (War Books, World War 1 Books, War History) (History in 50 Events Series) World War 1: Soldier Stories: The Untold Soldier Stories on the Battlefields of WWI (World War I, WWI, World War One, Great War, First World War, Soldier Stories)

[Dmca](#)